LABORATORY # 5 LAB MANUAL

Timer Design

Objectives

- 1. Design of counters, synthesis and implementation;
- 2. Usage of internal "clock" signal to drive CLK inputs of flip-flops;
- **3.** Design of special purpose timers

Equipment

- PC or compatible
- Digilent's Basys Spartan-3E FPGA Evaluation Board

Software

- Xilinx ISE Design Software Suite 10.1
- ModelSim XE III modeling software
- Digilent's Adept ExPort Software

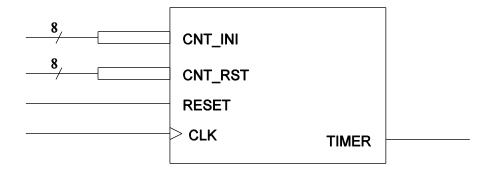
Parts

• N/A

Timer Design

In this FPGA application development experiment, we will implement a special purpose 1 ms timer

Specification



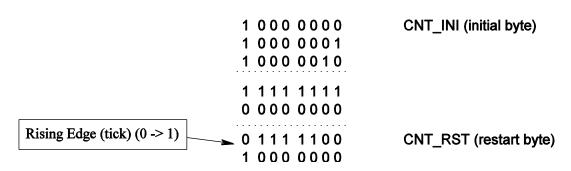


Figure L5-1. Timer Structure and Function

The action of timers is based on system clock's time division. It is built as a counter whose MSB controls the output (a tick). For example, an 8-bit counter will switch its MSB from 0 to 1 only once per 256 internal clock counts (from 0 to 255). But what if we need a timer that creates a tick every 250 counts (from 0 to 249) starting from MSB=1? From this description we can infer the required timer block diagram as shown in Figure 1.

The assignment is to create such a timer and implement it on the Basys board which uses 25 MHz internal clock (CLK) and output a timer tick every 1 ms. Use one of Basys board Pmod pins to ooserve the timer operation on an oscilloscope.

Implementation Utilities and Hints

- **1.** Make sure that the jumper is set to 25 MHz clock on the Basys Board (default is 50 MHz).
- **2.** The following CLK configuratio nmust be used in the constraints file:

```
# clock pin for Basys Board
NET "CLK" LOC = "p54"; # Bank = 2, Signal name = CLK1
```

Demonstration

Demostrate that the application performs according to specs: both simulation and oscilloscope periodic signal with 1 ms period (that is 1 kHz frequency).

Procedures

- 1. Xilinx ISE Design and Synthesis environment;
- 2. Creation of Configuration files;
- 3. Usage of Adept ExPort download software;

Presentation and Report

Must be presented according to the general EE120A lab guidelines posted in iLearn.

Prelab

- 1. Review Lectures 10-11;
- 2. Try to answer all the questions, prepare logic truth tables, do all necessary computations